



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA



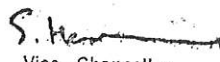
MINISTRY OF YOUTH AFFAIRS & SPORTS
DEPARTMENT OF YOUTH AFFAIRS
NSS - EMPANELLED TRAINING INSTITUTION - KARNATAKA
UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE, MYSURU - 570005



Certify that Sh/ Ms / Smt BABURAO KULKARNI, BLDE Association's Law College Jamkhandi,
Programme Officer NSS, Karnataka State Law University, Hubballi, has
successfully participated in the 7 days NSS Training Programme conducted by NSS Empanelled
Training institution, Karnataka, University of Mysore, Mysuru From 05-02-2020 to 11-02-2020


Co-ordinator

NSS - Empanelled Training
Institution for Karnataka, Mysuru


Vice - Chancellor

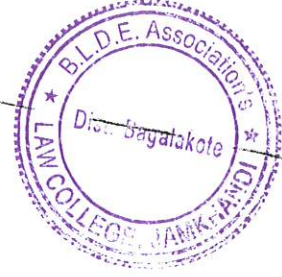
University of Mysore
Mysuru


Regional Director

NATIONAL SERVICE SCHEME
Bangalore


Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI


PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI.
Dist. Bagalakote



KARNATAKA STATE LAW UNIVERSITY
DIRECTORATE OF STUDENTS' WELFARE
Navanagar, Hubballi-580025
Phone: 0836-2222267, Fax No: 0836-2323151
Email ID: dswkslu@gmail.com

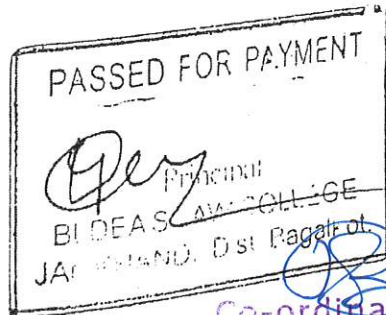
Ref. No.: KSLU/DSW/2019-20/

Date: 13/09/2019

Certificate

This is to certify that Mr./Ms./Smt. Baburao Kulkarni
of BLDEA's Law College, Jamkhandi
has attended the "Orientation Programme for Deputy Directors of Students' welfare and
NSS Officers" organized by Karnataka State Law University on 13th September 2019 at
University auditorium, Hubballi.

[Signature]
Director Students' Welfare



[Signature]
Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

[Signature]
PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI.
Dist. Bagalakote

594
800
340
2600
1334

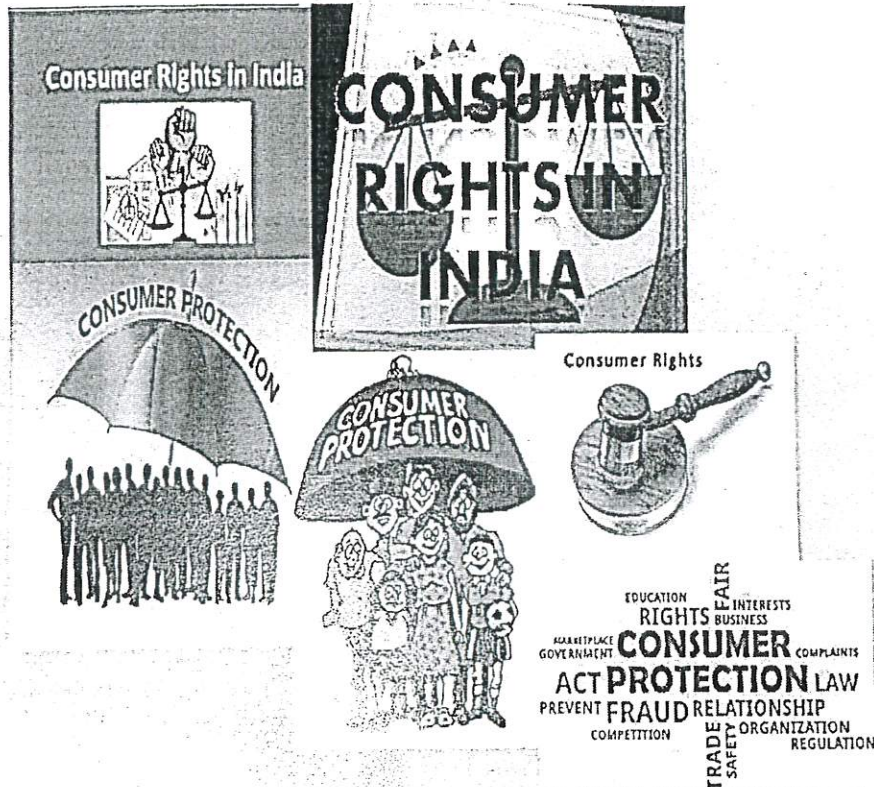
Chxo-262217
dt 17/9/19



Karnatak Law Society's
RAJA LAKHAMGOUDA LAW COLLEGE
Tilakwadi, Belagavi - 590006
(Affiliated to Karnataka State Law University)



CONSUMER PROTECTION - NEW DEVELOPMENTS AND CHALLENGES



EDITORIAL BOARD

Prof. (Dr.) Ashok Patil
Professor, N. L. S. I.U., Bengaluru

Dr. Anilkumar Hawaldar
Principal, K. L. S's R. L. Law College

Shri G. M. Wagh
Professor, K. L. S's R. L. Law College

Dr. Samina Nahid Baig
Assistant Professor, K. L. S's R. L. Law College

Co-ordinator
IOAC
B.L.D.E. Association
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

ISBN: 978-93-5406-850-8

PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI.
Dist. Bagalakote

10. THE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 2019 AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT68-72
Lalita A. Sardar.....

11. LEGAL FRAMEWORK OF CONSUMER PROTECTION UNDER E-COMMERCE IN INDIA73-78
Ashwini Parab.....

12. 'CONSUMERS RIGHTS AND HUMAN RIGHTS - A UNIVERSAL RECOGNITION OF THE CONSUMER AND PROTECTION OF CONSUMER RIGHT'79-84
Rajaram Naik.....

13. A CRITICAL ANALYSIS OF UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES IN INDIA85-91
Ashwini Bhat A.....

14. E-COMMERCE AND ITS LEGAL FRAMEWORK - A CRITICAL OVERVIEW92-100
Anusree S.....

15. MEDICAL NEGLIGENCE AND CONSUMER LAW101-106
P. A. Vajurvelil.....

16. COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS ON CONSUMERS' LEGAL POSITION IN INDIA WHEN COMPARED TO OTHER COUNTRIES107-114
Vishwanvi G. Prasad.....

17. CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 2019: FAR-REACHING IMPACT ON CONSUMER PROTECTION115-121
Surbit Sharma & Govind Anand.....

18. AUTHORITIES UNDER CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 2019: A CRITICAL APPRAISAL122-127
Nandana Rajesh.....

19. AUTHORITIES UNDER CONSUMERS PROTECTION ACT, 2019: A129-133
Baburao Kulkarni.....

20. UNDIVIDED NEXUS BETWEEN HUMAN RIGHTS AND CONSUMER RIGHTS134-139
Tanusha.....

21. PROTECTION OF CONSUMERS WITH REFERENCE TO MISLEADING ADVERTISEMENT IN INDIA: A CRITICAL ANALYSIS140-149
Surabhi U.....

22. VICTIMHOOD IS THE FLIPSIDE OF CONSUMER SOVEREIGNTY150-154
Rashmi M. C.....



PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI.
Dist. Bagelakote

AUTHORITIES UNDER CONSUMERS PROTECTION ACT 2019

-Baburao Kulkarni*

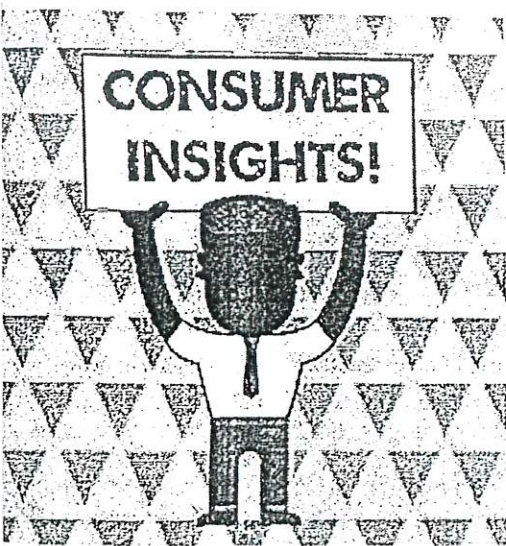
Consumer Protection Act 2019¹ It is Something is attempted by the Government to redress the consumer issues and protect the consumer interest in Changing dimension. This article tried to elaborate the changes made in Consumer Protection Act 1986² where are loophole or lacuna or outdated definitions in this Globalisation world. It is necessary and needed change it. This article explained regarding redressal mechanism adopted or changes made in Authorities who is power to provide justice and protect the rights of the consumer and his interest.

Objectives of the Act

The Consumer Protection Bill, 2019 was introduced in Lok Sabha by the Minister of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution, Mr. Ram Vilas Paswan on July 8, 2019. The Bill replaces the Consumer Protection Act, 1986. Key features of the Bill include:³

Definition of consumer: A consumer is defined as a person who buys any good or avails a service for a consideration. It does not include a person who obtains a good for resale or a good or service for commercial purpose. It covers transactions through all modes including offline, and online through electronic means, teleshopping, multi-level marketing or direct selling.

Rights of consumers



Six consumer rights have been defined in the Bill, including the right to:

1. Be protected against marketing of goods and services which are hazardous to life and property;
2. Be informed of the quality, quantity, potency, purity, standard and price of goods or services;
3. Be assured of access to a variety of goods or services at competitive prices; and
4. Seek redressal against unfair or restrictive trade practices.

Central Consumer Protection Authority (CCPA): The central government will set up a Central Consumer Protection Authority to promote, protect and enforce the rights of consumers. It will regulate matters

related to violation of consumer rights, unfair trade practices, and misleading advertisements. The CCPA will have an investigation wing, headed by a Director-General, which may conduct inquiry or investigation into such violations.

CCPA will carry out the following functions, including:

* Assistant Professor, B. L. D. E Associations Law College, Jamkhandi

¹ Act of 35 of 2019.

² Act of 68 of 1986

³ <https://prsindia.org/billtrack/consumer-protection-bill-2019>

Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

visited 14/02/2020 at 9.21-pm

PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI.
Dist. Bagalakote



Government of Karnataka
Department of Collegiate Education



Government Law College, Hassan

Protection of Marginalized Women in India



Editors

Dr. Reviah Odeyar

Dr. Arundhati Kulkarni

Dr. Madivalappa Matolli

Co-ordinator
IQAC

B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

PRINCIPAL

B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI
Dist. Bagalakote

Co-Ordinator

Co-ordinator
IQAC

B.L.D.E. Association's

PRINCIPAL

B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI, Dist. Bagalakote

NAA
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

PROTECTION OF MARGINALISED WOMEN IN INDIA

Edited by : Dr. Revaiah Odeyar, Dr. Arundhati Kulkarni,
and Dr. Madivalappa Matolli

Subject : Interdisciplinary

First Edition : 2016

Language : English

Publisher : Government Law College,
Hassan and KILPAR, Bengaluru

Pages : xx + 496

Book size : Demi 1/8th

No of Copies : 75

Paper : 70 GSM N.S. Book print

Copy Right : with Publishers

Published : At Dharwad

Printed at : B.G. Printers,
Opposite Corporation,
Dharwad


ISBN No. : 978-93-81642-51-1

No part of the book can be reproduced or translated in any form by any means without the prior permission of the publishers.

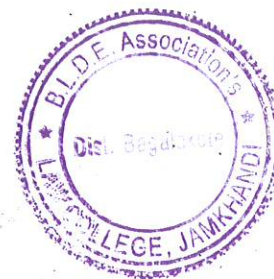
We declare that the above information is true to the best of our knowledge and belief


Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

- Dr. Revaiah Odeyar,
- Dr. Arundhati Kulkarni
- Dr. Madivalappa Matolli


PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI
Dist. Bagelakote

INDEX



1. **A Critical Analysis of Laws Relating to Working Women in India** ..1
 - Dr. Madivalappa Matolli
 - Smt. Basavarajeshwari. G. Hekarani
 - Prof. N. M. Lakshman
2. **A Socio- Legal analysis of the position of specially abled women in India** ..15
 - Bharati G. Ganawari
3. **Does the New Amendment to Criminal Law Accord Protection to Women?-An Analysis**..28
 - Dr. M.P.Chandrika
4. **Womb For Rent: Legal and Ehtical Issues of Commercial Surrogacy In India** ..40
 - Dr Shweta Deshpande
5. **Environment Degradation: Gender Issues** ..50
 - Dr. Savita L. Patil & Mr. S. S. Galimath
6. **Empowerment of Disabled Women: A Perennial Fallacy?** ..62
 - Dr. AnuPrasannan
7. **Judicial Activism and Social Justice to Women in India** ..73
 - Dr. Arundhati Kulkarni
8. **Issues and Perspectives relating to Surrogacy and Women's Right to Health in India** ..86
 - Padmalatha R.
9. **Exploitation of Girls and Women through Devadasi System** ..98
 - Dr. N. D. Gowda
10. **"A Comparative Study of Position of Women under Hindu and Muslim Personal Laws with Special Reference to Matrimonial Reliefs"**..110
 - Raghuveer Kulkarni

3.2.1
3.2.2



An Analysis of Reception of Personal Laws Under Indian Legal System

Mr. Raghuveer Kulkarni¹

Introduction

The personal laws are also referred as family laws. Family law is such a law concerning either with the formation or dissolution of the family relationships and that of governing the rights and obligations, both personal and proprietary, of members of the family, that flow from these relationships. By controlling the institutions of marriage, adoption, guardianship and property rights of members, it determines the very course of human life. It moulds the intra-familial sensitive bonds. Since love, harmony and affection are the foundations of family life, finding perfect solutions to the family problems in the legal instrument is a difficult task. State cannot always compel the parents to love their child, or a child its parents, or a husband to love his wife, or a wife her husband.² To the thickest of sentiments and emotions, traditions and strong mindsets, it can penetrate only minimally. But it can remedy exploitations or injustices in intra-familial relations. In spite of being law of imperfect obligations, family law's significance in keeping the family structure intact and family relationships fair, is great from the perspective of social utility.³

Personal laws serve two purposes. Firstly, these laws seek to control and regulate social relations in the private sphere of the family. Secondly, the Personal law is applicable to people principally on the grounds of their religion. Hence the law is specific to and separate for particular religious communities such as Hindu, Muslim, Christian, and Parsi. Personal laws controls and directs marriage, divorce, maintenance, guardianship of children, adoption, succession and inheritance and also it concerns women intimately. At present in India, the personal laws of all the communities kept the position of women as subordinate to and dependent on male kin. As far as all the personal laws are concerned, the male person becomes the head of the family.

Indian society is governed by Hindu, Muslim, and British legal systems. Especially, the present personal laws in India have been codified during the British ruling. However, it has been proved that as far as personal laws are concerned, British rulers left them untouched, whereas decisions of the courts influenced them.

¹ Author is a Research Scholar at Karnataka State Law University, Hubballi, Karnataka.

² Prof. P. IshwaraBhat, *Law And Social Transformation In India* (Eastern Book Company: Lucknow, 1988), p.701.

³ Ibid.



- Home
- About Us
 - Aim & Scope
 - Publication Ethics
 - Journal Indexing
 - Publisher
- Issues
 - Current Issue
 - Past Issues
 - Special Issue
 - Special Issue Archive
 - Articles in Press
- Board
 - Editorial Board
 - Advisory Board
- Instructions For Authors
 - Author Guidelines
 - Copyright Form
 - Apply For
 - Join Us
 - Feedback
- Submit/Track Articles
 - Submit Article
 - Track Article
- Contacts

Volume-10 / May 2020 Special Issue

oiirj Special

June 12, 2020


Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

Search

Search

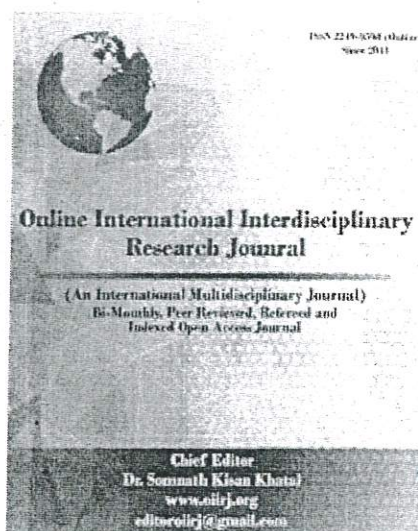
Other Links

- Publication Ethics
- Advisory Board
- Submit Article Online
- Apply For
- Join us
- Feedback
- Journal Indexing

Choose Issue

Volume 10 / Issue- 05 / Sept-Oct 2


PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI,
Dist. Bagalakote



News

...

Read more



Volume-10 / May 2020 Special Issue / ISSN 2249-9598

Total Research Papers: 25

Table of contents

Sr.No	Name of The Research Paper
	Table of contents [Full Text PDF]
1	A Comparative Study Between High and Low Performing Schools in Social Studies....Page.No- 01-13 Dorababu Tadeipalli [Full Text PDF]
2	Cognitive Styles of Post Graduate Students....Page.No- 14-19 Pushpa.M[Full Text PDF]
3	A Comparative Study of Social Adjustment Ability and Emotional Intelligence of Teachers working in Schools Affiliated to Central Board of Secondary Education and Maharashtra State Board in Nagpur....Page.No- 20-23 Pragati Karwande, Anil Karwande[Full Text PDF]
4	Classroom Application of TLM and ICT Equipment at the Secondary Level of Education and Teachers' Attitude towards Their Use....Page.No-24-32 Namita Haloi, Dr. Pooja C. Bhagabati[Full Text PDF]
5	To Study the Effectiveness of Audio Visual Aids on the


PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI.
Dist. Baramulla



Learning of Specially Abled Children....Page.No- 33-36

Tulika Rai[Full Text PDF]

- 6 A Study of the Experiences of Women Teachers with Reference to Gender Bias....Page.No-37-40

Intekhabalam K.Ansari[Full Text PDF]

- 7 Academic Stress Mental Health of Student Teachers at Secondary Level....Page.No- 41-49

Pushpa.M[Full Text PDF]

- 8 Uses of Movies in Education....Page.No-50-64

Kartar Singh[Full Text PDF]

- 9 Evaluation of Postural Deformities of School Going Children....Page.No- 65-68

Anil Karwande, Sangita khare, Taresh Agashe[Full Text PDF]

- 10 Study of Influence of Indian Traditional Exercises on Postural Deviation....Page.No-69-73

Taresh Agashe, Anil Karwande[Full Text PDF]

- 11 Relationship of Physiological Variables with Performance of Collegiate Kho-Kho Players of Amravati University....Page.No-74-84

Prashant Govindrao Gawande[Full Text PDF]

- 12 Relationship of Anthropometric Measurements with Performance of Collegiate Kho-Kho Players of Amravati University....Page.No-85-95

Prashant Govindrao Gawande[Full Text PDF]

- 13 A Study of Yogic Practices on Blood Pressure and Diabetes.....Page.No-96-100

Keshav Singh Gurjar, Anil Karwande[Full Text PDF]

- 14 A Study of the Effect of Indian Traditional Yogic Methods on Selected Performance Variables of Athletes....Page.No-101-105

Keshav Singh Gurjar, Anil Karwande[Full Text PDF]


PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI.
Dist. Bagalakote



- 15 An Analytical View on Restitution of Conjugal Rights under Hindu and Muslim Personal Laws....Page.No-106-114
Raghuveer Kulkarni[Full Text PDF]
- 16 Vocal for Local: Reviewing Global Experience with an Indian Insight.....Page.No-115-121
Udayan Chakraborty[Full Text PDF]
- 17 An Analysis of Socio- Economic conditions of Urban Informal workers in Mysore City....Page.No-122-132
Ashok Kumar. M J, V. Shanmugam[Full Text PDF]
- 18 Progress and Development of Smart Cities in India....Page.No- 133-138
Ram Niwas Sangwan[Full Text PDF]
- 19 Startups in India: Can They Stand Up Against Covid-19 and Other Challenges....Page.No-139-148
M. Muniraju[Full Text PDF]
- 20 "Impact of Covid-19 on Indian Economy: Potential Effects, Challenges and New Changes"....Page.No-149-155
Shahin Liyakat Ali Shaikh [Full Text PDF]
- 21 Crop Diversification as a Policy to Alleviate Rural Poverty in Birbhum District, West Bengal....Page.No-156-167
Gopal Chandra Debnath[Full Text PDF]
- 22 Levels of Socio-Economic Status of Female-Headed Households in Rural Haryana....Page.No-168-178
Chamar, K.V, Sharma Seema[Full Text PDF]
- 23 Digital Feminism, Cyberbullying and Gender issues....Page.No-179-184
Khan Shaista Talat[Full Text PDF]
- 24 Mother tongue: As the Medium of Instruction and its Utility....Page.No-185-193
Santosh Kumar [Full Text PDF]

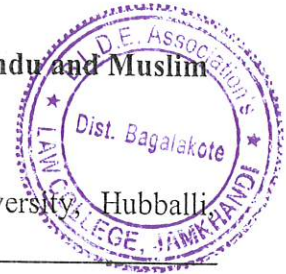
Coordinator
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI.
Dist. Bagalakote

An Analytical View on Restitution of Conjugal Rights under Hindu and Muslim Personal Laws

Raghuveer Kulkarni¹

¹ Author is a Research Scholar at Karnataka State Law University, Hubballi, Karnataka, India



Abstract

The Institution of Marriage evolved out of the gradual processes. Though it was initially based on the practices, it finally entered into the state of legal recognition through the personal laws. The Institution of Marriage is viewed from many different angles, for that is intimately connected with the crude customs of a locality. Generally speaking marriage is the act of marrying, which confers status on a union of man and woman for some legal purposes. The Institution of Marriage provides certain rights and liabilities to both Man and Woman. And one of them is the right to Maintenance.

However, the Maintenance Right available in India is not uniform. In India, matrimonial proceedings reflect the diversity of laws throughout the country relating to Maintenance. There are different standards in different personal laws with respect to eligibility to claim maintenance by the spouses. In rare branches of Personal Laws both the spouses are entitled to maintenance, but the majority have favored wives. The judicial approach to the Maintenance of the Spouses under Personal laws is more realistic, pragmatic and in conformity with the valuable goal of a welfare state. The role of the legislature, however, has not been encouraging and uniform. The Hindu woman is protected through certain legislations in which she can get a good matrimonial remedy. Whereas the Muslim woman is not supported by any such kind of laws. Hence the position of a Hindu woman is better than a Muslim woman with regard to the Maintenance Right.

KEYWORDS : Restitution of Conjugal rights, Maintenance, Constitution, Supreme Court, Marriage, Spouse, Husband, Wife

Introduction:

The remedy of restitution of conjugal rights was neither recognised by the *Dharmashastra* nor did the Muslim law made any provision for it. It came during the British ruling in India. It is remarkable that this was the only matrimonial remedy which was made available by the British rulers of India to all the Indian communities under the general law. In England, it came from the Jewish law. The Ecclesiastical courts enforced this remedy by excommunicating the guilty spouse. The statute of George III substituted excommunication with imprisonment.

Like any other anachronistic remedies, the restitution of conjugal rights dates back to feudal England, where marriage was primarily a property deal and the wife and the children were part of man's possessions as other chattels. Thus, the wife was treated like a cow, who if ran away from the master's shed could be brought back. At that time a decree could be executed by arresting the wife. It is remarkable that many other outdated common law actions were gradually abolished but they survived in matrimonial law and from English matrimonial law they were exported to the

Co-ordinator
IOAC

¹ Author is a Research Scholar at Karnataka State Law University, Hubballi, Karnataka, India

PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI
Dist. Bagalkote

An Analysis of Reception of Personal Laws Under Indian Legal System



Mr. Raghuveer Kulkarni¹

Introduction

The personal laws are also referred as family laws. Family law is such a law concerning either with the formation or dissolution of the family relationships and that of governing the rights and obligations, both personal and proprietary, of members of the family, that flow from these relationships. By controlling the institutions of marriage, adoption, guardianship and property rights of members, it determines the very course of human life. It moulds the intra-familial sensitive bonds. Since love, harmony and affection are the foundations of family life, finding perfect solutions to the family problems in the legal instrument is a difficult task. State cannot always compel the parents to love their child, or a child its parents, or a husband to love his wife, or a wife her husband.² To the thickest of sentiments and emotions, traditions and strong mindsets, it can penetrate only minimally. But it can remedy exploitations or injustices in intra-familial relations. In spite of being law of imperfect obligations, family law's significance in keeping the family structure intact and family relationships fair, is great from the perspective of social utility.³

Personal laws serve two purposes. Firstly, these laws seek to control and regulate social relations in the private sphere of the family. Secondly, the Personal law is applicable to people principally on the grounds of their religion. Hence the law is specific to and separate for particular religious communities such as Hindu, Muslim, Christian, and Parsi. Personal laws controls and directs marriage, divorce, maintenance, guardianship of children, adoption, succession and inheritance and also it concerns women intimately. At present in India, the personal laws of all the communities kept the position of women as subordinate to and dependent on male kin. As far as all the personal laws are concerned, the male person becomes the head of the family.

Indian society is governed by Hindu, Muslim, and British legal systems. Especially, the present personal laws in India have been codified during the British ruling. However, it has been proved that as far as personal laws are concerned, British rulers left them untouched, whereas decisions of the courts influenced them.

Co-ordinator

PRINCIPAL

B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI,
Dist. Bagalakote

¹ Author is a Research Scholar at Karnataka State Law University, Hubballi, Karnataka
² Prof. P. IshwaraBhat, *Law And Social Transformation In India* (Eastern Book Company: Lucknow, 1st ed., 2009) p.701.

³ Ibid.

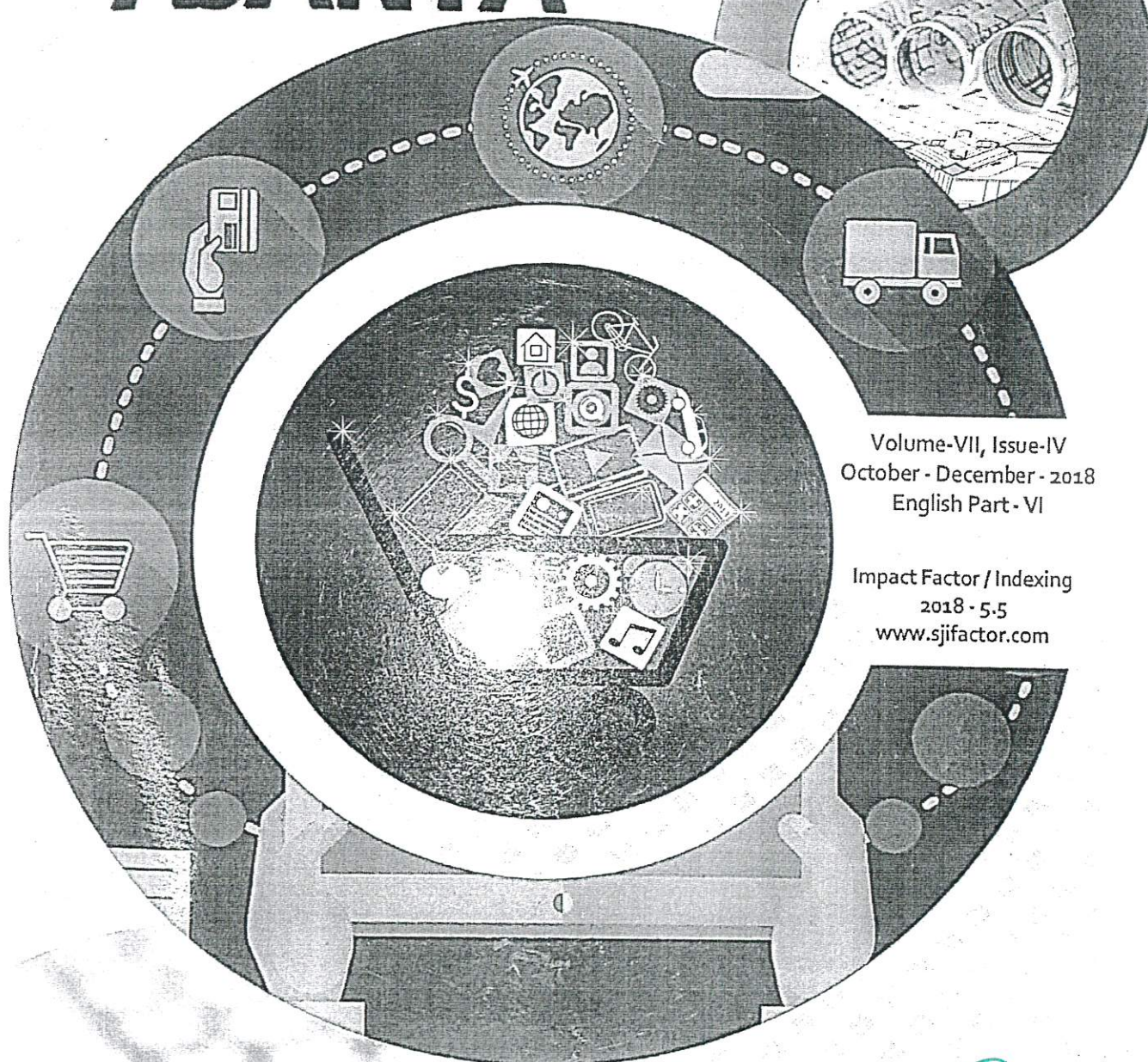
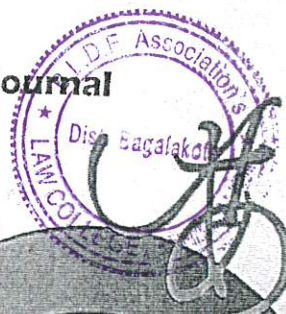


Peer Reviewed Referred and UGC Listed Journal
(Journal No. 40776)

ISSN 2277 - 5730

AN INTERNATIONAL MULTIDISCIPLINARY
QUARTERLY RESEARCH JOURNAL

AJANTA



Volume-VII, Issue-IV
October - December - 2018
English Part - VI

Impact Factor / Indexing
2018 - 5.5
www.sjifactor.com



Co-ordinator
B.L.D.E. Association's
JAMKHANDI
Ajanta Prakashan

PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI
Dist. Bagalkote

ISSN 2277 - 5730
AN INTERNATIONAL MULTIDISCIPLINARY
QUARTERLY RESEARCH JOURNAL



AJANTA

Volume - VII

Issue - IV

English Part - VI

October - December - 2018

Peer Reviewed Referred
and UGC Listed Journal

Journal No. 40776



ज्ञान-विज्ञान विमुक्तये

IMPACT FACTOR / INDEXING

2018 - 5.5

www.sjifactor.com

❖ EDITOR ❖

Asst. Prof. Vinay Shankarrao Hatole


M.Sc (Maths), M.B.A. (Mktg.), M.B.A. (H.R.),
M.Drama (Acting), M.Drama (Prod. & Dir.), M.Ed.

❖ PUBLISHED BY ❖


Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI


Ajanta Prakashan

Aurangabad. (M.S.)


PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI
Dist. Bagalakote



CONTENTS OF ENGLISH PART - VI

Sr. No.	Name & Author Name	Page No.
1	Women Empowerment through Local Self-Government: An Experience of Karnataka Dr. Ashok. S. Anikivi Mr. Siddanagouda Patil Mr. Vinayak Kamkar	1-12
2	Challenges and Achievements of Women in Panchayati Raj Institutions: An Instrumental Method of Women Empowerment in India Prof. A. Ganesh Bhat	13-17
3	Women and Entrepreneurship in India - Some Insights Prof. S. O. Halasagi	18-27
4	Empowering of Rural Women through NGOs Prof. Y. S. Balavantagol	28-30
5	Empowerment of Women in India and Panchayati Raj Institutions: Issues & Challenges Ravikumar B. K. Dr. M. N. Ramesh	31-39
6	Women Education is Necessary for Rural Development in India Revanna B. Dr. Rajendraprasad N. L	40-49
7	An Emphirical Analysis of the Status of Women Entrepreneurs in Belagavi District Sachindra G. R.	50-56
8	India's Farmer Suicides: The Women Left Behind Sanna Ramesha Dr. Huchhe Gowda	57-65
9	Women Empowerment in Rural Employment Schemes Shivalingayya Gothe Dr. Prakash Kattimani	66-69
10	Women Empowerment and Education Shri. B. Vijay Rajendra	70-76
11	Role of Education in the Empowerment of Women Shridevi S. Suvarnakhandi	77-82

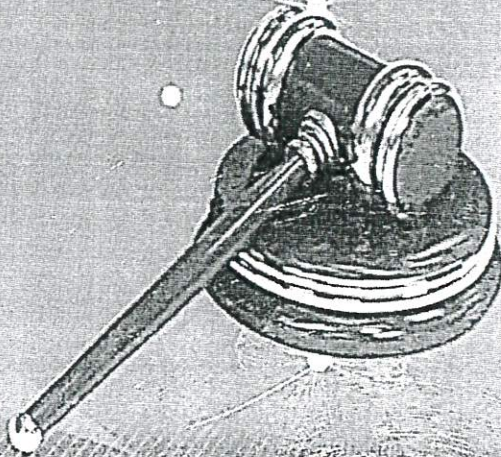
Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI.
Dist. Bagalakote

ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

ಪರಿಸರ ಕಾನೂನು

As per KSLU Syllabus



BLDEA'S

LAW COLLEGE

344.046 RAM



C4072

JAMKHANDI

B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

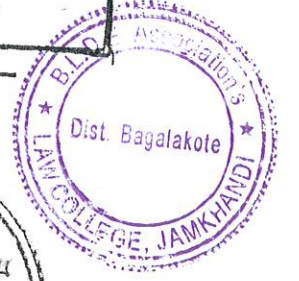
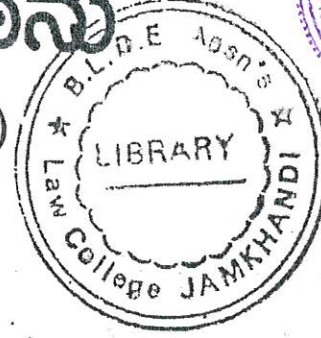
PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI
Dist. Bagalakote

Prof. Ramesh Arjun

ACC 4072

ಪರಿಸರ ಕಾನೂನು

(Environmental Law)



ಶ :
Prof. RAMESH ARJUN M.A., L.L.M., B.Ed.

Assistant Professor

BLDEA'S Law College

Jamkhandi

ಆವೃತ್ತಿ 2016

Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI
Dist. Bagalakote

© ಹಕ್ಕುಗಳು :

ಪ್ರೊ. ರಮೇಶ್ ಅರ್ಜುನ್ ಅವರಿಗೆ
ಸೇರಿವೆ.(9591819333)

ಎಲ್ಲ ಹಕ್ಕುಗಳನ್ನು ಕಾಯ್ದಿರಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.



ಎಚ್ಚರಿಕೆ : ಈ ಪುಸ್ತಕದ ಯಾವುದೇ ಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿಮಾಡುವಂತಿಲ್ಲ, ಪುನಃ ಮುದ್ರಿಸುವಂತಿಲ್ಲ ಅಥವಾ ಪುನಃ ಸಂಪಾದಿಸುವ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅಳವಡಿಸುವಂತಿಲ್ಲ, ಸಂಕ್ಷಿಪ್ತಗೊಳಿಸುವಂತಿಲ್ಲ ಅಥವಾ ಭಾಷಾಂತರಿಸುವಂತಿಲ್ಲ ಅಥವಾ ಯಾವುದೇ ಸಾಧನದಿಂದ ಯಾವುದೇ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಟ್ರಾನ್ಸ್‌ಮಿಟ್ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದಲ್ಲ. ಇದನ್ನು ಉಲ್ಲಂಘಿಸಿದರೆ ಸಿವಿಲ್ ಹಾಗೂ ಕ್ರಿಮಿನಲ್ ವ್ಯವಹಾರಣೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಗುರಿಯಾಗಬೇಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಈ ಪುಸ್ತಕವನ್ನು ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು ಜಾಗರೂಕತೆಯಿಂದ ಹಾಗೂ ಶ್ರದ್ಧೆಯಿಂದ ಸಂಕಲನವನ್ನಾಡಿ ಮುದ್ರಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಆಕಸ್ಮಿಕವಾಗಿ ನುಸುಳಿಕೊಂಡಿರಬಹುದಾದ ಯಾವುದೇ ಲೋಪದೋಷಗಳಿಗಾಗಿ ಈ ಗ್ರಂಥದ ಲೇಖಕರಾಗಲೀ, ಅಥವಾ ಮುದ್ರಕರಾಗಲಿ ಜವಾಬ್ದಾರರಲ್ಲ.

ಪ್ರಥಮ ಮುದ್ರಣ : 2016

4072

ಪುಟಗಳು : XII + 276

ಬೆಲೆ : 300

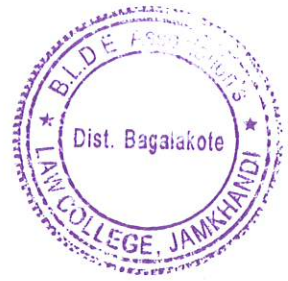
ಮುಖಪುಟ

ವಿನ್ಯಾಸ : ವಿಜಯಲಕ್ಷ್ಮೀ ಡಿಜಿಟಲ್, ಜಮಖಂಡಿ

ಪ್ರಿಂಟರ್ಸ್ : ಸುಭಾಸ್ ಆಫಸೆಸ್, ಶಿವಾಜಿ ಸರ್ಕಲ್, ಜಮಖಂಡಿ

Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI

PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI
Dist. Bagalakote



3.3.1 Extension activities are carried out in the neighborhood community, sensitizing students to social issues, for their holistic development and impact thereof during the last five years.

Response:

The college organizes a number of extension activities to promote institute-neighborhood community association to sensitize the students towards community needs to bring communal transformation in the surrounding rural communities.

Impact of extension activities in the neighborhood communities

The students actively participate in social service activities leading to their overall development. The college runs effectively National Service Scheme (NSS). The institution undertakes various extension activities in the neighborhood communities. At present, the strength of the NSS unit is of 250 volunteers. Every year the college selects a village in the vicinity, organizes a camp for seven days and takes up cleanliness, village survey, and other constructive works. During the last five years, the NSS volunteers have organized camps in Hunnuru, Kadapatti, Hulyal, Kumbarahalla and Hippargi. Several noteworthy activities were carried out by NSS volunteers, which include tree plantation, water conservation through digging of contour trenches, digging of pits for construction of toilets in the village, making paths and roads. The impact is, the villages have got new green coverage, increased groundwater level, clean roads, and surroundings and importantly villagers learned the significance of the rainwater harvesting and importance of water conservation. The camps and awareness programs have improved their understanding of various social issues.

Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI


PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI
Dist. Bagalakote



Impact of extension activities in sensitizing students to social issues and holistic development:

The institute is conscious of its responsibilities for shaping students into responsible citizens of the country by making them aware of social issues. The institute provides consciousness to the students as well as villagers about the significance of social issues like eradication of superstitions, conservation of water, *Swachh Bharat Abhiyan*, environmental pollution, personal health and hygiene, road safety, AIDS awareness rallies etc.

The institute has also organized several social activities like *Gram Swachhata Abhiyan*, Tree Plantation, Soil and Water Testing, Pre-Marriage Counseling, Blood Donation Camps and Blood Group Check-Up and Health Check-up Camps. The institute also has organized awareness programmes on human rights, cybercrime, and cybersecurity, voter awareness programme, about GST and demonetization. Lectures were organized for the students and villagers about the importance of wearing a helmet, prevention of drug addiction etc. These activities helped the students to understand real-life problems, the dignity of labor, and helped them in developing team spirit and self-confidence. We also sensitized the students to the various social issues and social responsibilities, which in turn helped them in their holistic development as responsible citizens.


Co-ordinator
IQAC
B.L.D.E. Association's
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI


PRINCIPAL
B.L.D.E. ASSOCIATION'S
LAW COLLEGE, JAMKHANDI
Dist. Bagalakote